



CORPORATE ACCOUNTABILITY COALITION

2012 CONGRESSIONAL REPORT CARD

*Measuring support for corporate accountability and the
promotion of responsible business practices in the U.S. Congress*

THE CORPORATE ACCOUNTABILITY COALITION

The Corporate Accountability Coalition is an alliance of organizations whose work includes a focus on issues of corporate accountability and transparency, abuse of power by corporations, responsible business practices, and the rights of people. Organizations include the Center for Corporate Policy (CCP), the Institute for Policy Studies (IPS), CorpWatch, Corporate Accountability International (CAI), the International Corporate Accountability Roundtable, and EarthRights International (ERI).



ABOUT THIS SCORECARD

This is the first edition of the Corporate Accountability Coalition's Congressional Report Card, a long-overdue effort to measure the commitment of members of the U.S. Congress to keeping the power of large corporations in check, promoting transparency and responsible business practices, and holding corporations accountable for their actions. Corporations are an important part of modern life and the modern economy, but their interests do not always represent the interests of living, breathing, human beings. This Report Card attempts an objective measure of efforts to ensure that protecting people, not corporations, is the primary focus of our laws and policy.

Even as the American public has become increasingly concerned about corporate influence over our public institutions, corporate power only continues to expand beyond the reach of the laws, regulators and the courts. This is particularly true for corporate influence over Congress. A September 2000 BusinessWeek/ Harris Poll showed that at the time, 74% of Americans were concerned that big businesses had “too much power” in “influencing government policy, politicians, and policy-makers in Washington. By 2012, 9 in 10 Americans polled agreed that there was “way too much corporate money in politics” according to a poll released by the Corporate Reform Coalition.

The American public's perceptions of unchecked corporate influence extend beyond concerns about corporate money in politics. In 2011, more than 4 in 5 (82%) Americans polled felt that corporations “care mostly about profits, cut corners on services, overcharge on prices, and do not treat their customers well.” In 2012, 40 of the world's 100 largest economies were multinational corporations. Decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court have granted corporations unprecedented rights, while limiting their responsibilities and restricting the public's ability to hold them accountable. Every day new stories of corporate malfeasance come to light, in areas ranging from official corruption to human rights abuses and environmental degradation. Lack of Congressional monitoring and action promotes an environment of irresponsible business, giving little incentive for businesses to act responsibly.

Increasing corporate power and rights, decreasing corporate accountability

Under the Supreme Court's 2010 *Citizens United* decision, corporations – which cannot vote – have been granted rights under the First Amendment to spend their money in order to influence elections. One result of all of this combined power and influence is tax policy, which continues to include giveaways for rich, powerful corporations – dozens of Fortune 500 companies pay no federal income tax at all, and may even get money back from the federal government.

Corporations are also taking steps to insulate themselves from accountability for their actions. These efforts increasingly limit the ability of ordinary citizens and other victims of corporate abuse to access the courts. Binding arbitration clauses now prevent many workers and consumers from access to the courts when their rights are violated. In 2012, the corporate lobby argued to the Supreme Court that corporations should be immune from a law that gives victims of human rights violations the right to sue the perpetrators of those violations in federal court. The Supreme Court accepted many of the corporate lobby's arguments. The financial industry nearly destroyed the global economy in 2008, yet despite abundant evidence of criminal wrongdoing, not a single high-level corporate executive has been prosecuted.

The need for transparency and accountability

News headlines alone demonstrate the urgent need for greater transparency and accountability.

In 2010, BP's Deep Water Horizon drilling rig caused eleven deaths, destroyed countless livelihoods, and wreaked havoc on the Gulf of Mexico by spilling 4.9 million barrels of oil. Military contractors in Iraq have been accused of torturing detainees in violation of U.S. law and policy. Walmart orchestrated a vast bribery campaign in Mexico. Chiquita was convicted of making over \$1.7 million in illegal payments to paramilitary death squads in Colombia. The collapse of the Rana Plaza in Bangladesh – which supplied garments to name brands including Benetton and the Children's Place, who benefited from the cheap labor and lax enforcement – caused the death of over 1000 workers.

Meanwhile, the corporate lobby tirelessly fights to ensure that the public lacks access to information about their practices. In 2012, an oil industry group sued the U.S. government to block regulations that would require them to disclose how much money they pay to foreign governments, and the U.S. Chamber of Commerce and National Association of Manufacturers sued to try to stop regulations that require transparency about the use of conflict minerals in products.

Now more than ever, greater accountability and transparency should be at the top of Congress' agenda. Unfortunately, as this Report Card shows, that has not been the case. There has been no organized effort in Congress to address the need to tighten the restrictions on corporate power, enhance transparency, and promote accountability and responsible business.

We hope that this Report Card will help monitor the actions of our elected representatives in Congress, and to remind them that they represent human beings, not corporations. And we hope it motivates members of Congress to make greater efforts to protect the rights and interests of the people by placing limits on how corporations can behave, reining corporations in when they attempt to go beyond those limits, and making corporations



BP's Deep Water Horizon drilling rig spilled 4.9 million barrels of oil and caused eleven deaths.

accountable when they disregard those limits. Securing responsible business practices and corporate accountability is neither anti-business nor anti-corporate. It is decidedly pro-responsible business: it ensures that irresponsible corporations don't benefit from wrongdoing at the expense of those who act responsibly. It is better for business and it is better for people. In sum, placing reasonable limits on corporate behavior promotes responsible business practices and enhances both transparency and accountability.



THE SENATE | 2012 RESULTS

KEY



Acted for corporate accountability



Acted against corporate accountability



Did not act



Resigned or died before the end of the session



Joined after the start of 2012

Senator (Party)	Score	Dodd-Frank Efforts	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Citizens United Efforts	Repeal Big Oil Subsidies	Trafficking in Gov't Contracting	Election Spending Transparency	Foreign Manufacturer Liability
Alabama									
1 Richard C. Shelby (R)	0.0%	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
2 Jeff Sessions (R)	12.5%	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓
Alaska									
1 Lisa Murkowski (R)	12.5%	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
2 Mark Begich (D)	50.0%	✓	x	✓	✓	x	x	✓	x
Arizona									
1 John McCain (R)	12.5%	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
2 Jon Kyl (R)	0.0%	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Arkansas									
1 Mark L. Pryor (D)	25.0%	✓	x	x	x	x	x	x	✓
2 John Boozman (R)	12.5%	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x	x
California									
1 Dianne Feinstein (D)	75.0%	✓	x	✓	✓	✓	x	✓	✓
2 Barbara Boxer (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	x	✓	✓	x	✓	x
Colorado									
1 Mark Udall (D)	25.0%	✓	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x
2 Michael F. Bennet (D)	50.0%	✓	x	x	✓	x	x	✓	✓
Connecticut									
1 Joseph I. Lieberman (I)	25.0%	✓	x	x	x	x	✓	x	x
2 Richard Blumenthal (D)	87.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x
Delaware									
1 Thomas R. Carper (D)	25.0%	✓	x	x	x	x	x	✓	x
2 Christopher A. Coons (D)	37.5%	✓	x	x	✓	x	x	✓	x
Florida									
1 Bill Nelson (D)	50.0%	✓	x	x	x	✓	x	✓	✓
2 Marco Rubio (R)	25.0%	✓	x	x	x	x	✓	x	x
Georgia									
1 Saxby Chambliss (R)	0.0%	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
2 Johnny Isakson (R)	0.0%	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

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Senator (Party)	Score	Dodd-Frank Efforts	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Citizens United Efforts	Repeal Big Oil Subsidies	Trafficking in Gov't Contracting	Election Spending Transparency	Foreign Manufacturer Liability
Hawaii									
1 Daniel K. Akaka (D)	50.0%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Daniel Inouye (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
3 Brian Emanuel Schatz (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Idaho									
1 Mike Crapo (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 James E. Risch (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Illinois									
1 Richard J. Durbin (D)	75.0%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
2 Mark Kirk (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Indiana									
1 Richard G. Lugar (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Daniel Coats (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Iowa									
1 Chuck Grassley (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Tom Harkin (D)	50.0%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Kansas									
1 Pat Roberts (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Jerry Moran (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Kentucky									
1 Mitch McConnell (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Rand Paul (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Louisiana									
1 Mary L. Landrieu (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
2 David Vitter (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Maine									
1 Olympia J. Snowe (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Susan M. Collins (R)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
Maryland									
1 Barbara A. Mikulski (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗
2 Benjamin L. Cardin (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗

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Massachusetts									
1 John F. Kerry (D)	37.5%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Scott P. Brown (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Michigan									
1 Carl Levin (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Debbie Stabenow (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗
Minnesota									
1 Amy Klobuchar (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Al Franken (D)	87.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Mississippi									
1 Thad Cochran (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Roger F. Wicker (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Missouri									
1 Claire McCaskill (D)	62.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
2 Roy Blunt (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Montana									
1 Max Baucus (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Jon Tester (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
Nebraska									
1 Ben Nelson (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mike Johanns (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Nevada									
1 Harry Reid (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
2 Dean Heller (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
New Hampshire									
1 Jeanne Shaheen (D)	62.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
2 Kelly Ayotte (R)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
New Jersey									
1 Frank R. Lautenberg (D)	62.5%	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗
2 Robert Menendez (D)	87.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗

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New Mexico									
1 Jeff Bingaman (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Tom Udall (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
New York									
1 Charles E. Schumer (D)	50.0%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
2 Kirsten E. Gillibrand (D)	50.0%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
North Carolina									
1 Richard Burr (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Kay R. Hagan (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
North Dakota									
1 Kent Conrad (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 John Hoeven (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Ohio									
1 Sherrod Brown (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Rob Portman (R)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
Oklahoma									
1 James M. Inhofe (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Tom Coburn (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Oregon									
1 Ron Wyden (D)	50.0%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
2 Jeff Merkley (D)	75.0%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
Pennsylvania									
1 Robert P. Casey, Jr. (D)	37.5%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
2 Patrick J. Toomey (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Rhode Island									
1 Jack Reed (D)	50.0%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
2 Sheldon Whitehouse (D)	87.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
South Carolina									
1 Lindsey Graham (R)	12.5%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2 Jim DeMint (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Did not act



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Senator (Party)	Score	Dodd-Frank Efforts	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Citizens United Efforts	Repeal Big Oil Subsidies	Trafficking in Gov't Contracting	Election Spending Transparency	Foreign Manufacturer Liability
South Dakota									
1 Tim Johnson (D)	37.5%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 John Thune (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Tennessee									
1 Lamar Alexander (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Bob Corker (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Texas									
1 Kay Bailey Hutchison (R)	12.5%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
2 John Cornyn (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Utah									
1 Orrin G. Hatch (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mike Lee (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Vermont									
1 Patrick J. Leahy (D)	62.5%	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
2 Bernard Sanders (I)	50.0%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Virginia									
1 Jim Webb (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mark R. Warner (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
Washington									
1 Patty Murray (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Maria Cantwell (D)	25.0%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
West Virginia									
1 John D. Rockefeller IV (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Joe Manchin III (D)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Wisconsin									
1 Herb Kohl (D)	25.0%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Ron Johnson (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Wyoming									
1 Michael B. Enzi (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 John Barrasso (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

ACTIONS SCORED IN THE SENATE

PRO-ACCOUNTABILITY BILLS

Supporting the following actions indicates a pro-accountability position.

1. **S.987 Arbitration Fairness Act of 2011 (Similar bill: H.R.1873) (May 12, 2011)**

Died, reintroduced. “Declares that no predispute arbitration agreement shall be valid or enforceable if it requires arbitration of an employment, consumer, or civil rights dispute.” The bill would restore the balance of power between workers, consumers, and corporations in settling disputes over violations of rights. Corporations have used unequal bargaining power to essentially impose binding arbitration clauses on people; these arbitration proceedings do not have the same protections as a court process, and may be too costly for many people to use. This bill would enable victims to regain the right to their day in court.

2. **S.1360 Shareholder Protection Act of 2011 (Similar bill: H.R.2517) (July 13, 2011)**

Died, referred to committee. This would require shareholder approval of political expenditures using a corporation’s money. Shareholders have a financial interest in decisions being made with their money, and corporations have a duty to act in their interest. Additionally, shareholders do not always share the views of the acting managers and may not support where certain expenditures go. Allowing corporations to act without approval from shareholders creates fractures within the corporation and reflects a disregard for transparency.

3. **S.1946 Foreign Manufacturers Legal Accountability Act of 2011**

Died, reintroduced. This bill directs a number of administrative agencies to require foreign manufacturers and producers of certain products above a minimum value, amount, and frequency of importation to register an agent in the U.S. for service of process. This registration of an agent would be deemed to be consent to personal jurisdiction of state or federal court over certain foreign corporate defendants. A similar resolution garnered a lot of support in the House, though unfortunately not in the Senate.

4. Congressional Efforts Related to *Citizens United*.

A number of similar resolutions were introduced to propose an amendment to the Constitution that would restore Constitutional rights to people alone, and not corporations:

- **S.J.RES.29** A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to contributions and expenditures intended to affect elections. (November 1, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **S.J.RES.33** A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to expressly exclude for-profit corporations from the rights given to natural persons by the Constitution of the United States, prohibit corporate spending in all elections, and affirm the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations and to regulate and set limits on all election contributions and expenditures. (December 8, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **S.J.RES.35** A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to authorizing regulation of contributions to candidates for State public office and Federal office by corporations, entities organized and operated for profit, and labor organizations, and expenditures by such entities and labor organizations in support of, or opposition to such candidates. (January 24, 2011)
Died, referred to committee

The proposed amendment to the Constitution discussed in these resolutions would overturn *Citizens United*, ensuring that the Constitution protects human beings, not corporations. It would declare that corporations are subject to regulation through legislation, and would limit corporate influence in the legislative process by prohibiting corporate spending in elections and allowing Congress and the states to limit all election contributions.

5. S. 2204 Repeal Big Oil Tax Subsidies Act (March 19, 2012)

Died, reported by committee, cloture measure not invoked. Extends tax credits for alternative energy, repeals or limits certain tax benefits for major oil companies. This is an example of the dynamic relationship that legislation can have with corporations who act responsibly. It limits the power through limiting tax breaks on big oil, and promotes responsible business practice through tax breaks for corporations to take into account environmental impacts of their businesses.

6. S.2234 End Trafficking in Government Contracting Act of 2012 (Similar bill: H.R.4259) (March 26, 2012)

Died, referred to committee. This bill would amend the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 in a number of ways to expand protections for potential victims, and to deter human trafficking in companies who contract with the government. This bill would terminate federal government payments to contractors who engage in human trafficking and forced labor. Human trafficking remains a very serious problem both in the U.S. and worldwide, and it is imperative to use the government's purchasing power to help end this practice.

7. **S.3369 Democracy Is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act of 2012 (July 10, 2012)**

Died, referred to committee. In relevant part, this bill would require “disclosure requirements for corporations, labor organizations, and certain other entities...” This would be a major step in improving the level of transparency for the actions of corporations, in an area where they are exercising particularly expansive displays of power through spending. The democratic process is hindered when money takes precedent over the will of the people, so disclosures of that money serves the important purpose of keeping the process transparent.

ANTI-ACCOUNTABILITY BILLS

Supporting the following actions indicates an anti-accountability position.

8. **Congressional Efforts Related to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.**

A number of bills were introduced in an effort to repeal the Dodd Frank Act:

- **S.712 Financial Takeover Repeal Act of 2011 (similar bills: HR 87, S.746) (March 31, 2011)** *Died, referred to committee*
- **S.746 Dodd-Frank Repeal Act of 2011 (April 6 (legislative day, April 5), 2011)** *Died, referred to committee*

These bills attempted to roll back the progress made in transparency and accountability through the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The Dodd-Frank Act is notable for its goal of restoring responsibility and accountability for corporations and reining in Wall Street; repealing it would represent a giant step backward, and would erode protections for consumers and the economy.

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THE HOUSE | 2012 RESULTS

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
Alabama										
1 Jo Bonner (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Martha Roby (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Mike Rogers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Robert B. Aderholt (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Mo Brooks (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Spencer Bachus (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Terri Sewell (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Alaska										
1 Don Young (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Arizona										
1 Paul Gosar (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Trent Franks (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Ben Quayle (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Ed Pastor (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 David Schweikert (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Jeff Flake (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Raul Grijalva (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
8 Gabrielle Giffords (D) →	16.60%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	●	✗	●
9 Ron Barber (D) →	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Arkansas										
1 Rick Crawford (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Tim Griffin (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Steve Womack (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
4 Mike Ross (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
California										
1 Mike Thompson (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Wally Herger (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Dan Lungren (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Tom McClintock (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Doris Matsui (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Lynn C. Woolsey (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗

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Joined after the start of 2012

Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
7 George Miller (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
8 Nancy Pelosi (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Barbara Lee (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
10 John Garamendi (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
11 Jerry McNerney (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Jackie Speier (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
13 Fortney Pete Stark (D)	88.8%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
14 Anna G. Eshoo (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
15 Michael M. Honda (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
16 Zoe Lofgren (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
17 Sam Farr (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
18 Dennis Cardoza (D) →	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
19 Jeff Denham (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
20 Jim Costa (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
21 Devin Nunes (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
22 Kevin McCarthy (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
23 Lois Capps (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
24 Elton Gallegly (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
25 Howard P. McKeon (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
26 David Dreier (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
27 Brad Sherman (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
28 Howard L. Berman (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
29 Adam B. Schiff (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
30 Henry A. Waxman (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
31 Xavier Becerra (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
32 Judy Chu (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
33 Karen Bass (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
34 Lucille Roybal-Allard (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
35 Maxine Waters (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
36 Janice Hahn (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
37 Laura Richardson (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
38 Grace F. Napolitano (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
39 Linda T. Sanchez (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
40 Ed Royce (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
41 Jerry Lewis (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
42 Gary G. Miller (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
43 Joe Baca (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
44 Ken Calvert (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
45 Mary Bono Mack (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
46 Dana Rohrabacher (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
47 Loretta Sanchez (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
48 John Campbell (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
49 Darrell Issa (R)	11.1%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
50 Brian Bilbray (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
51 Bob Filner (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
52 Duncan Hunter (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
53 Susan Davis (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Colorado										
1 Diana DeGette (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Jared Polis (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Scott Tipton (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Cory Gardner (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Doug Lamborn (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Mike Coffman (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Ed Perlmutter (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Connecticut										
1 John B. Larson (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
2 Joe Courtney (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
3 Rosa L. DeLauro (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Christopher Murphey (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
5 James A. Himes (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Delaware										
1 John Charles Carney Jr. (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Florida										
1 Jeff Miller (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Steve Southerland (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Corrine Brown (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
4 Ander Crenshaw (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Richard Nugent (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Cliff Stearns (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 John L. Mica (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Daniel Webster (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Michael "Gus" Bilirakis (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 C. W. Bill Young (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Kathy Castor (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Dennis Ross (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 Vern Buchanan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Connie Mack (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 Bill Posey (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16 Tom Rooney (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17 Frederica Wilson (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
18 Ileana Ros-Lehtinen (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
19 Ted Deutch (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
20 Debbie Wasserman Schultz (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
21 Lincoln Diaz-Balart (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
22 Allen West (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
23 Alcee L. Hastings (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
24 Sandra Adams (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
25 David Rivera (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Georgia										
1 Jack Kingston (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Sanford D. Bishop, Jr. (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Lynn Westmoreland (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Hank Johnson (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
5 John Lewis (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6 Tom Price (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Rob Woodall (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Austin Scott (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Tom Graves (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Paul Broun (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Phil Gingrey (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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12 John Barrow (D)	22.2%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 David Scott (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hawaii										
1 Colleen Hanabusa (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mazie Hirono (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Idaho										
1 Raul Labrador (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mike Simpson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Illinois										
1 Bobby L. Rush (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
2 Jesse L. Jackson, Jr. (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
3 Dan Lipinski (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
4 Luis V. Gutierrez (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Mike Quigley (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Peter Roskam (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
7 Danny K. Davis (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Joe Walsh (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Janice Schakowsky (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
10 Robert Dold (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Adam Kinzinger (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Jerry F. Costello (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 Judy Biggert (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Randy Hultgren (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 Timothy V. Johnson (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16 Donald Manzullo (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17 Bobby Schilling (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
18 Aaron Schock (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
19 John Shimkus (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Indiana										
1 Peter J. Visclosky (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Joe Donnelly (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Marlin Stutzman (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Todd Rokita (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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5 Dan Burton (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Mike Pence (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Andre Carson (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8 Larry D. Buschon (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Todd Young (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Iowa										
1 Bruce Braley (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
2 Dave Loebsack (D)	22.2%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Leonard Boswell (D)	22.2%	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Tom Latham (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Steve King (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Kansas										
1 Tim Huelskamp (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Lynn Jenkins (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Kevin Yoder (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Mike Pompeo (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Kentucky										
1 Edward Whitfield (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Brett Guthrie (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 John Yarmuth (D)	66.6%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
4 Geoff Davis (R) ↪	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Thomas Massie (R) ↪	14.3%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	●
6 Harold Rogers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Ben Chandler (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Louisiana										
1 Steve Scalise (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Cedric L. Richmond (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Jeffrey M. Landry (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 John Fleming (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Rodney Alexander (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Bill Cassidy (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Charles Boustany, Jr. (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
Maine										
1 Chellie Pingree (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mike Michaud (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Maryland										
1 Andy Harris (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 C. A. "Dutch" Ruppersberger (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 John Sarbanes (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
4 Donna Edwards (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Steny H. Hoyer (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Roscoe G. Bartlett (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Elijah E. Cummings (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
8 Chris Van Hollen (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
Massachusetts										
1 John W. Olver (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
2 Richard E. Neal (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Jim McGovern (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
4 Barney Frank (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
5 Niki Tsongas (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 John F. Tierney (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
7 Edward J. Markey (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
8 Michael E. Capuano (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
9 Stephen F. Lynch (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 William R. Keating (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Michigan										
1 Dan Benishek (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Bill Huizenga (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Justin Amash (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Dave Camp (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Dale Kildee (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Fred Upton (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Tim Walberg (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Mike Rogers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Gary Peters (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

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10 Candice Miller (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Thaddeus McCotter (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 David Alan Curson	14.3%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	●
13 Sander M. Levin (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Hansen Clarke (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 John Conyers, Jr. (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
16 John D. Dingell (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Minnesota										
1 Tim Walz (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 John Kline (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Erik Paulsen (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Betty McCollum (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5 Keith Ellison (D)	88.8%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
6 Michele Bachmann (R)	11.1%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
7 Collin C. Peterson (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Chip Cravaack (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Mississippi										
1 Alan Nunnelee (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Bennie Thompson (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Gregg Harper (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Steven Palazzo (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Missouri										
1 William Lacy Clay (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2 Todd Akin (R)	11.1%	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Russ Carnahan (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Vicky Hartzler (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Emanuel Cleaver (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Sam Graves (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Billy Long (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Blaine Luetkemeyer (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Jo Ann Emerson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Montana										
1 Denny Rehberg (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Nebraska										
1 Jeff Fortenberry (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
2 Lee Terry (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Adrian Smith (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Nevada										
1 Shelley Berkley (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Mark Amodei (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Joe Heck (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
New Hampshire										
1 Frank Guinta (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Charles Bass (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
New Jersey										
1 Robert E. Andrews (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
2 Frank A. LoBiondo (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Jon Runyan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Christopher H. Smith (R)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
5 Scott Garrett (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Frank Pallone, Jr. (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Leonard Lance (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Bill Pascrell, Jr. (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Steven R. Rothman (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
10 Donald M. Payne (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	●	✓	●
11 Donald Payne Jr. (D)	14.3%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	●
12 Rodney Frelinghuysen (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 Rush D. Holt (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Albio Sires (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
New Mexico										
1 Martin Heinrich (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Steve Pearce (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Ben R. Lujan (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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New York										
1 Tim Bishop (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Steve J. Israel (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
3 Peter King (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Carolyn McCarthy (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5 Gary L. Ackerman (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Gregory W. Meeks (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7 Joseph Crowley (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Jerrold Nadler (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9 Robert L. Turner (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Edolphus Towns (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Yvette Clarke (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12 Nydia Velázquez (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 Michael Grimm (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Carolyn Maloney (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
15 Charles B. Rangel (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
16 José E. Serrano (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
17 Eliot L. Engel (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
18 Nita M. Lowey (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
19 Nan Hayworth (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
20 Chris Gibson (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
21 Paul Tonko (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
22 Maurice Hinchey (D)	77.7%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
23 Bill Owens (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
24 Richard Hanna (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
25 Anne Marie Buerkle (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
26 Kathy Hochul (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
27 Brian M. Higgins (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
28 Louise McIntosh Slaughter (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
29 Tom Reed (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
North Carolina										
1 G. K. Butterfield (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Renee Ellmers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Walter Jones (R)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗

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4 David E. Price (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Virginia Foxx (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Howard Coble (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Mike McIntyre (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Larry Kissell (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Sue Myrick (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Patrick McHenry (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Heath Shuler (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Melvin L. Watt (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
13 Brad Miller (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
North Dakota										
1 Rick Berg (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Ohio										
1 Steve Chabot (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Jean Schmidt (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Michael Turner (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
4 Jim Jordan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Bob Latta (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Bill Johnson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Steve Austria (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 John A. Boehner (R)	12.5%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Marcy Kaptur (D)	66.6%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
10 Dennis J. Kucinich (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
11 Marcia Fudge (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Patrick J. Tiberi (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 Betty Sutton (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
14 Steven C. LaTourette (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 Steven Stivers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16 Jim Renacci (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17 Tim Ryan (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
18 Bob Gibbs (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Did not act



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Joined after the start of 2012

Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
Oklahoma										
1 John Sullivan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Dan Boren (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Frank D. Lucas (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Tom Cole (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
5 James Lankford (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
Oregon										
1 Suzanne Bonamici (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2 Greg Walden (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Earl Blumenauer (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
4 Peter A. DeFazio (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Kurt Schrader (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Pennsylvania										
1 Robert A. Brady (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Chaka Fattah (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Mike Kelly (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
4 Jason Altmire (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Glenn Thompson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Jim Gerlach (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Patrick Meehan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Michael G. Fitzpatrick (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Bill Shuster (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Thomas A. Marino (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11 Lou Barletta (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Mark Critz (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
13 Allyson Y. Schwartz (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Mike Doyle (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 Charles W. Dent (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16 Joseph R. Pitts (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17 Tim Holden (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
18 Timothy F. Murphy (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
19 Todd R. Platts (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
Rhode Island										
1 David N. Cicilline (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 James R. Langevin (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
South Carolina										
1 Tim Scott (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Joe Wilson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Jeff Duncan (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Trey Gowdy (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Mick Mulvaney (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 James E. Clyburn (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
South Dakota										
1 Kristi Noem (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Tennessee										
1 Phil Roe (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 John J. Duncan (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Chuck Fleischmann (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Scott DesJarlais (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Jim Cooper (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Diane Black (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Marsha Blackburn (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Stephen Fincher (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Steve Cohen (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Texas										
1 Louie Gohmert (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Ted Poe (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
3 Sam Johnson (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Ralph M. Hall (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Jeb Hensarling (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Joe Barton (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 John A. Culberson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Kevin P. Brady (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9 Al Green (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Michael McCaul (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations Letter to SEC
11 Mike Conaway (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12 Kay Granger (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
13 William "Mac" Thornberry (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14 Ron E. Paul (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15 Rubén E. Hinojosa (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
16 Silvestre Reyes (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
17 Bill Flores (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
18 Sheila Jackson-Lee (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
19 Randy Neugebauer (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
20 Charles A. Gonzalez (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
21 Lamar S. Smith (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
22 Pete Olson (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
23 Quico Canseco (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
24 Kenny Marchant (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
25 Lloyd Doggett (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
26 Michael C. Burgess (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
27 Blake Farenthold (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
28 Henry Cuellar (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
29 Gene Green (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
30 Eddie Bernice Johnson (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
31 John R. Carter (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
32 Pete Sessions (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Utah									
1 Rob Bishop (R)	0.0%	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Jim Matheson (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Jason Chaffetz (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Vermont									
1 Peter Welch (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Virginia									
1 Robert Wittman (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Scott Rigell (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Bobby Scott (D)	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Randy Forbes (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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Representative (Party)	Score	Repeal Dodd-Frank	Arbitration Fairness	Shareholder Protection	Stop the War on Coal	Citizens United	Foreign MFR Accountability	End Trafficking in Gov't	Patriot Corporations	Letter to SEC
5 Robert Hurt (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Bob Goodlatte (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Eric I. Cantor (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 James P. Moran (D)	66.6%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
9 H. Morgan Griffith (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Frank R. Wolf (R)	44.4%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
11 Gerald E. Connolly (D)	55.5%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
Washington										
1 Jay Inslee (D) →	33.3%	✓	✓	✗	●	✗	✗	●	✗	●
2 Suzan K DelBene (D) →	14.3%	✓	✗	✗	●	✗	✗	✗	✗	●
3 Rick Larsen (D)	33.3%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Jaime Herrera (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5 Doc Hastings (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Cathy McMorris Rodgers (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Norman D. Dicks (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Jim McDermott (D)	66.6%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
9 Dave Reichert (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10 Adam Smith (D)	44.4%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
West Virginia										
1 David McKinley (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Shelley Moore Capito (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3 Nick J. Rahall II (D)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Wisconsin										
1 Paul D. Ryan (R)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2 Tammy Baldwin (D)	55.5%	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗
3 Ron J. Kind (D)	22.2%	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4 Gwen S. Moore (D)	44.4%	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5 F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr. (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6 Thomas E. Petri (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7 Sean P. Duffy (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8 Reid Ribble (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Wyoming										
1 Cynthia Lummis (R)	11.1%	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

ACTIONS SCORED IN THE HOUSE

PRO-ACCOUNTABILITY BILLS

Supporting the following actions indicates a pro-accountability position.

1. **H.R.1873 Arbitration Fairness Act of 2011 (similar bill: S.987) (May 12, 2011)**

Died, reintroduced. “Declares that no predispute arbitration agreement shall be valid or enforceable if it requires arbitration of an employment, consumer, or civil rights dispute.” The bill would restore the balance of power between workers, consumers, and corporations in settling disputes over violations of rights. Corporations have used unequal bargaining power to essentially impose binding arbitration clauses on people; these arbitration proceedings do not have the same protections as a court process, and may be too costly for many people to use. This bill would enable victims to regain the right to their day in court.

2. **H.R.2517 Shareholder Protection Act of 2011 (Similar bill: S.1360) (July 13, 2011)**

Died, referred to committee. This would require shareholder approval of political expenditures using a corporation’s money. Shareholders, who own the corporation, have a financial interest in decisions being made with their money, and corporations have a duty to act in their interest. Shareholders do not always agree with the political views of corporate management, and may prefer that their corporations focus on their business, not politics.

3. **H.R.1163 Patriot Corporations of America Act of 2011 (July 13, 2011)**

Died, reintroduced. In relevant part, this bill gives preference in bids to corporations who have “not violated federal regulations, including regulations relating to the environment, workplace safety, labor relations, and consumer protections.” It also amends IRS code to, in relevant part, “reclassify foreign corporations created or organized to avoid federal taxation as domestic corporations for income tax purposes.” This focuses on improving corporate behavior through transparency, and rewarding responsible corporate practices. Preference should be given to companies who respect environmental, labor, and consumer rights.

4. Congressional Efforts Related to *Citizens United*.

A number of similar resolutions were introduced to propose an amendment to the Constitution that would restore Constitutional rights to people alone, and not corporations:

- **H.J.RES.90** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to expressly exclude for-profit corporations from the rights given to natural persons by the Constitution of the United States, prohibit corporate spending in all elections, and affirm the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations and to regulate and set limits on all election contributions and expenditures. (November 18, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.88** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to clarify the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations, limited liability companies or other corporate entities established by the laws of any state, the United States, or any foreign state. (November 15, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.78** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to clarify the authority of Congress and the States to regulate the expenditure of funds for political activity by corporations. (September 12, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.6** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States waiving the application of the first article of amendment to the political speech of corporations and other business organizations with respect to the disbursement of funds in connection with public elections and granting Congress and the States the power to establish limits on contributions and expenditures in elections for public office. (January 5, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.7** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States waiving the application of the first article of amendment to the political speech of corporations and other business organizations with respect to the disbursement of funds in connection with public elections. (January 5, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.8** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to limitations on the amounts of contributions and expenditures that may be made in connection with campaigns for election to public office. (January 5, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.72** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress power to regulate campaign contributions for Federal elections. (July 13, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.82** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing regulation of any expenditure in connection with an election. (October 14, 2011)
Died, referred to committee

- **H.J.RES.92** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to the authority of Congress and the States to regulate the disbursement of funds for political activity by for-profit corporations and other for-profit business organizations. (December 6, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.97** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to contributions and expenditures with respect to Federal elections. (December 20, 2011)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.100** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States regarding the use of public funds to pay for campaigns for election to Federal office. (January 18, 2012)
Died, referred to committee
- **H.J.RES.111** Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to the authority of Congress and the States to regulate contributions and expenditures in political campaigns and to enact public financing systems for such campaigns. (June 18, 2012)
Died, referred to committee

The proposed amendment to the Constitution discussed in these resolutions would overturn *Citizens United*, ensuring that the Constitution protects human beings, not corporations. It would declare that corporations are subject to regulation through legislation, and would limit corporate influence in the legislative process by prohibiting corporate spending in elections and allowing Congress and the states to limit all election contributions.

5. H.R.3646 Foreign Manufacturers Legal Accountability Act of 2011 (similar bill: S.1946) (December 13, 2011)

Died, referred to committee. This bill directs a number of administrative agencies to require foreign manufacturers and producers of certain products above a minimum value, amount, and frequency of importation to register an agent in the U.S. for service of process. This registration of an agent would be deemed to be consent to personal jurisdiction of state or federal court over certain foreign corporate defendants.

6. H.R.4259 End Trafficking in Government Contracting Act of 2012 (Similar bill: S.2234) (March 26, 2012)

Died, referred to committee. This bill would amend the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 in a number of ways to expand protections for potential victims, and to deter human trafficking in companies who contract with the government. This bill would terminate federal government payments to contractors who engage in human trafficking and forced labor. Human trafficking remains a very serious problem both in the U.S. and worldwide, and it is imperative to use the government's purchasing power to help end this practice.

7. Congressional letter to the Securities and Exchange Commission urging the final rulemaking on sections 1502 and 1504 of the Dodd Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. (June 22, 2012)

Sections 1502 and 1504 of the Dodd Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act were important legislative steps taken to address the lack of transparency in extractive industries; these sections require disclosure of payments made to foreign governments, and disclosure of conflict minerals in products. These sections can only be enforced, however, after the Securities and Exchange Commission issues rules to implement them. This letter urges the SEC to act on these important measures.

ANTI-ACCOUNTABILITY BILLS

Supporting the following actions indicates an anti-accountability position.

8. H.R. 87 To repeal the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (January 5, 2011)

Died, referred to committee. This bill attempted to roll back the progress made in transparency and accountability through the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The Dodd-Frank Act is notable for its goal of restoring responsibility and accountability for corporations and reining in Wall Street; repealing it would represent a giant step backward, and would erode protections for consumers and the economy.

9. HR. 3409 Stop the War on Coal Act of 2012 (November 14, 2011)

Died, passed in House. This bill would essentially destroy regulation of coal mining, a practice that has caused extensive damage to both people and the environment. It would limit the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to issue regulations under The Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, would restrict the EPA from serious clean air regulation related to coal mining and greenhouse gases and restrict new clean water regulations under the Clean Water Act, among other limitations.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES FOR CORPORATE ACCOUNTABILITY

In this section we highlight a number of positive Congressional corporate accountability measures undertaken by members of the 112th Congress, even if they received little to no support. These measures were not scored because they did not meet the requisite threshold of securing 10 co-sponsors but we recognize them here anyway as praiseworthy initiatives that sought to protect the rights of people, hold corporations accountable, and promote responsible business.

1. H.R.2136 Civilian Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (CEJA) of 2011

Died, referred to committee. In relevant part, this bill “[a]mends the federal criminal code to grant jurisdiction over and impose penalties on federal contractors and employees who commit certain crimes outside of the United States while employed by or accompanying any agency of the United States other than the Department of Defense (DOD).” Activities of contractors, and their subsequent evasion of liability have shed light on the need for extraterritorial jurisdiction for crimes committed abroad by contractors. CEJA would ensure that crimes committed by these agencies are addressed and responsible parties held accountable.

Sponsor Rep. David Price [NC-4]

Co-Sponsors None

2. H.R.74 Private Prison Information Act of 2011

Died, referred to committee. “Requires each nongovernmental entity or state or local governmental entity that has an agreement with any federal agency to incarcerate or detain federal prisoners in a non-federal prison or correctional facility to comply with all Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requirements, including the duty to release information about the operation of a non-federal prison or correctional facility and the applicability of exceptions and exemptions under such Act.” While state run facilities have disclosure requirements, private ones do not. An investigation following a prison break revealed very questionable practices which further highlight the absolute need for more transparency.

Sponsors Rep. Sheila Jackson Lee [TX-18]

Co-Sponsors Rep. Keith Ellison [MN-5]

3. H.R.2759 Business Transparency on Trafficking and Slavery Act

Died, referred to committee. This would amend Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to “require companies to include in their annual reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission a disclosure describing any measures the company has taken during the year to identify and address conditions of forced labor, slavery, human trafficking, and the worst forms of child labor within the company’s supply chains.” Human rights abuses occur throughout the supply chain, and it is the responsibility of companies to take measures to prevent this in their supply chain. This bill would be a big step in human-rights focused supply chain transparency.

Sponsors Rep. Carolyn Maloney [NY-14]

Co-Sponsors Reps. James “Jim” McGovern [MA-2], Christopher “Chris” Smith [NJ-4], Jackie Speier [CA-14], Karen Bass [CA-37], Laura Richardson [CA-33/37], John Olver [MA-1], Howard Berman [CA-28] Charles Rangel [NY-13]

4. H.R.4963 Too Big to Fail, Too Big to Exist Act

Died, referred to committee. “Instructs the Secretary of the Treasury to: (1) submit to Congress, within 90 days after enactment of this Act, a list of all commercial banks, investment banks, hedge funds, and insurance companies that the Secretary believes are too big to fail (“Too Big To Fail List”); and (2) break up entities on the list so that their failure would no longer cause a catastrophic effect on the U.S. or global economy without a taxpayer bailout.” Irresponsible actions behavior that have such dire consequences on the general public demonstrates exactly why Congress needs to limit the kind of power that these Too Big to Fail companies exercise.

Sponsor Rep. Brad Sherman [CA-27]

Co-Sponsor Rep. Maurice Hinchey [NY-22]

5. H.R.5714 Safe, Accountable, Fair, and Efficient Banking Act of 2012 (May 10, 2012)

Died, referred to committee. This bill would place reasonable limits on banks, and increase their accountability by ensuring that banks have the resources to cover their losses, and preventing them from taking risks that could result in future bailouts at the expense of the public. Reckless activity by Too Big to Fail institutions has already caused severe damage to the American public, and measures are needed to keep it from happening again.

Sponsor Rep. Brad Miller [NC-13]

Co-Sponsors Reps. Michael E. Capuano [MA-8], Keith Ellison [MN-5], Brad Sherman [CA-27]

6. S.1145 Civilian Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (CEJA)

Died, referred to committee. In relevant part, this bill “[a]mends the federal criminal code to grant jurisdiction over and impose penalties on federal contractors and employees who commit certain crimes outside of the United States while employed by or accompanying any agency of the United States other than the Department of Defense (DOD).” Activities of contractors, and their subsequent evasion of liability have shed light on the need for extraterritorial jurisdiction for crimes committed abroad by contractors. CEJA would ensure that crimes committed by these agencies are addressed and responsible parties are held accountable.

Sponsor Sen. Patrick Leahy [D-VT]

Co-Sponsors Sens. Richard Blumenthal [D-CT], Alan “Al” Franken [D-MN], Sheldon Whitehouse [D-RI],
Richard Durbin [D-IL], Jeanne Shaheen [D-NH], Claire McCaskill [D-MO]

7. S.214 Big Oil Bailout Prevention Unlimited Liability Act of 2011

Died, referred to committee. “Amends the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 to make the party responsible for an offshore facility, except a deepwater port, from which oil is discharged into or upon navigable waters or adjoining shorelines liable for all discharge removal costs and damages for each incident (under current law such party is liable for the total of all removal costs plus \$75 million).” Both the communities and the environment impacted by the devastating BP oil spill are still struggling to recover. Capping liability serves only to protect corporations, who continue to profit, and cuts off any adequate redress for people whose livelihoods have been completely destroyed.

Sponsor Sen. Robert “Bob” Menéndez [D-NJ]

Co-Sponsors Sens. John “Jack” Reed [D-RI], Frank Lautenberg [D-NJ], Amy Klobuchar [D-MN], Bill Nelson [D-FL],
Richard Durbin [D-IL], Dianne Feinstein [D-CA], Patty Murray [D-WA], Sheldon Whitehouse [D-RI]

8. S.3048 Safe, Accountable, Fair, and Efficient Banking Act of 2012 (May 9, 2012)

Died, referred to committee. Died, referred to committee. This bill would place reasonable limits on banks, and increase their accountability by ensuring that banks have the resources to cover their losses, and preventing them from taking risks that could result in future bailouts at the expense of the public. Reckless activity by Too Big to Fail institutions has already caused severe damage to the American public, and measures are needed to keep it from happening again.

Sponsor Sen. Sherrod Brown [D-OH]

Co-Sponsors Sens. Tom Harkin [D-IA], Bernard Sanders [I-VT], Sheldon Whitehouse [D-RI]

9. Amicus brief asking the Supreme Court to deny certiorari in *American Tradition Partnership v. Bullock*,

stating that Montana acted properly in trying to obtain transparency through its laws by upholding a state statute banning corporate spending in elections.

Reps. Robert Brady [PA-1.], Chris van Hollen [MD-8.], Zoe Lofgren [CA-19] and Charles Gonzalez [TX-20].

SCORING METHODOLOGY

The Report Card focuses on the most relevant congressional activity relating to corporate power and accountability during the second half of the 112th Congress. The scores presented are an attempt at an objective tally of how many pro-corporate accountability and responsible business actions each member supported. The scores do not represent an endorsement of any member of Congress in any election.

Each of the scored actions is explained in the preceding pages. One point is given for each scored action. Members are scored based on their cumulative points earned, which reflect how often they act in favor of the position that promotes the rights of people over the rights of corporations. Points may be given for supporting a measure that promotes reasonable limitations, transparency, and accountability, or for opposing a measure that seeks to circumvent such goals. Abstentions count as opposition to an action, unless the legislator was unable to participate on that particular action.

Because so few relevant bills have come to a vote, we have scored whether a member sponsored or co-sponsored the measures at issue. In order to make the scorecard list, the measure needed 10 or more co-sponsors. In some cases, we have scored other actions, such as signing on to letters or *amicus curiae* (“friend-of-the-court”) briefs, as long as these were equally available to all the members.

We have not scored bills that received no significant measure of support. These measures had few, if any, co-sponsors. However, we have highlighted these bills in an addition section to draw attention to these laudable initiatives.

A note on *Citizens United* “fixes”: Due to the vast number of highly similar bills proposing a “fix” or reversal of *Citizens United*, for the purpose of scoring we have grouped together highly similar bills for which, in the aggregate, the total number of sponsors of the related bills reaches the 10-cosponsor threshold.

Why are the scores so low?

2012 produced little congressional activity in favor of corporate accountability and responsible business practices. As reflected in the Report Card, the majority of the pro-accountability bills never even made it to a vote. Some actions which addressed important issues regarding corporate responsibility and necessary limitations on corporate power garnered little, if any, co-sponsorship.

Unlike many issue-oriented Report Cards, this one does not feature many legislators with perfect scores. That's simply because many legislators – on both sides of the aisle – need to do a lot more.